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Machine-learning based clinical plaque detection using a synthetic plaque lesion model for coronary CTA

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Involved Partners

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University Heart and Vascular Center Hamburg



Institute of Medical Technology and Intelligent Systems

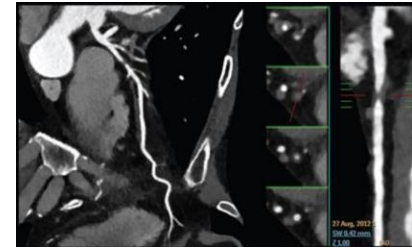
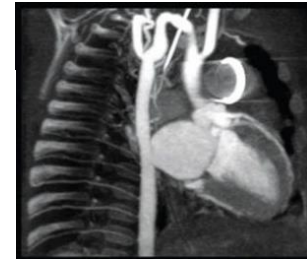


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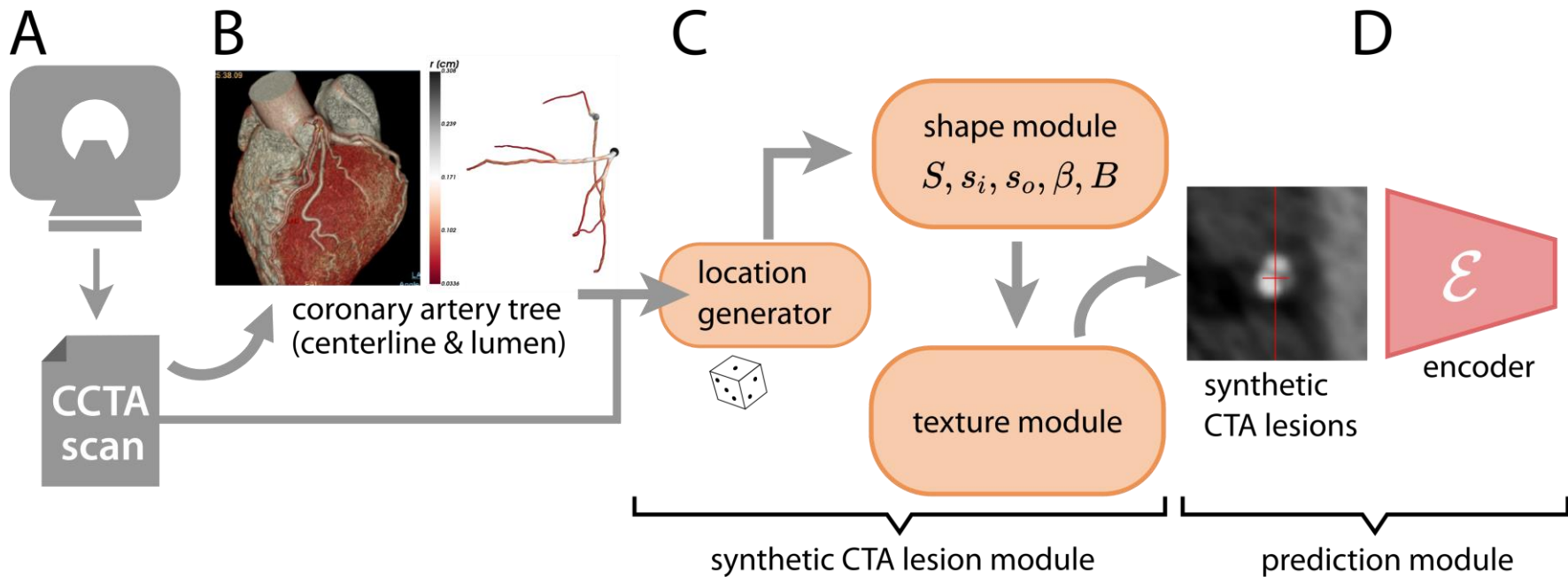


Scope

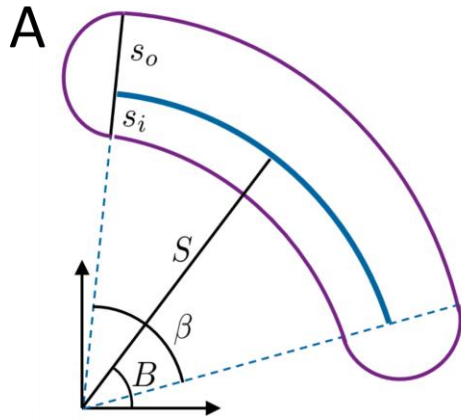
- Coronary computed tomography angiography (**coronary CTA**) is an important diagnostic tool in the assessment of **coronary artery disease (CAD)**.
- **Data-driven** predictive systems rely on high-quality ground truth data in **large abundance**.
- We propose a **synthetic forward model** to generate plaque lesions for coronary CTA.
- This helps to **ease the annotation burden** for CTA machine learning applications.



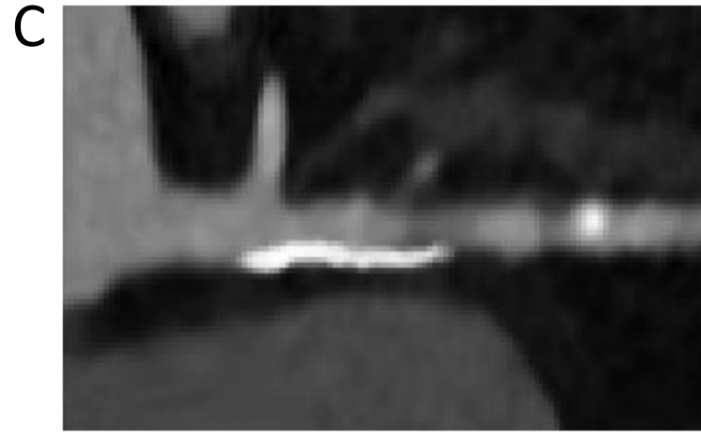
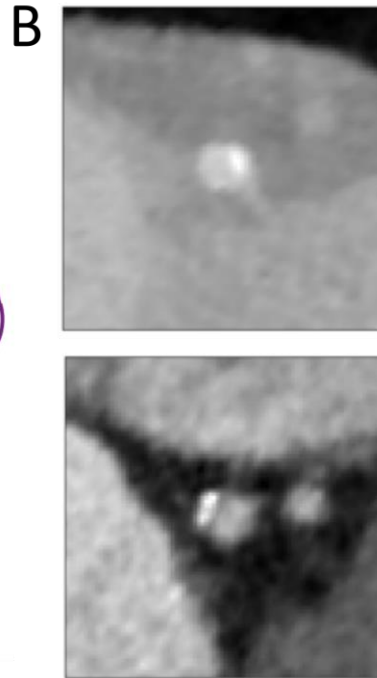
Overview



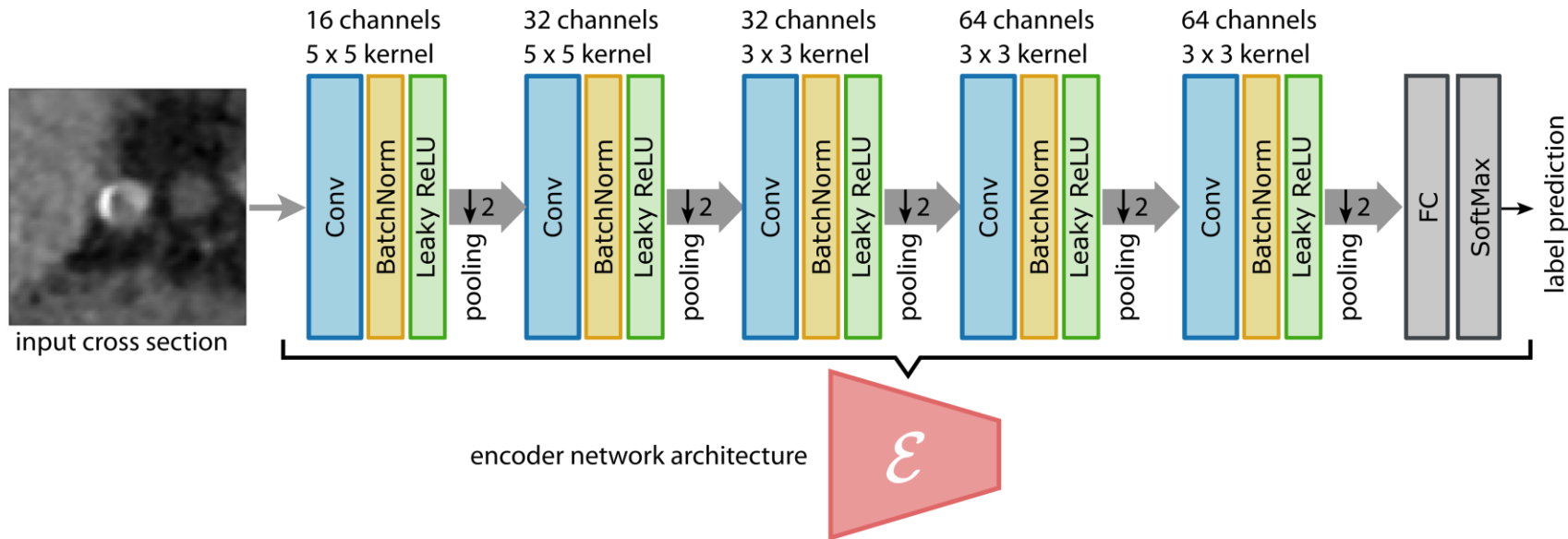
Synthetic lesion model



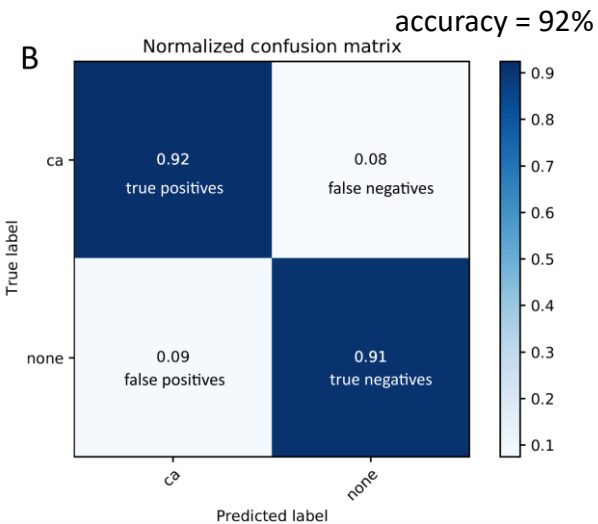
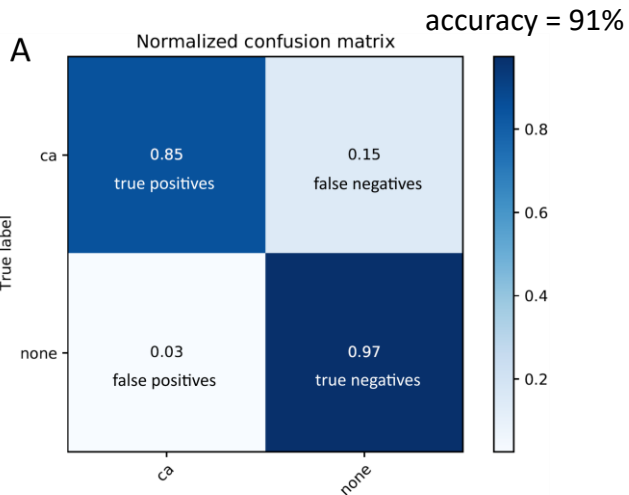
Major radius S
Inner minor radius s_i
Outer minor radius s_o
Opening angle β
Orientation angle B



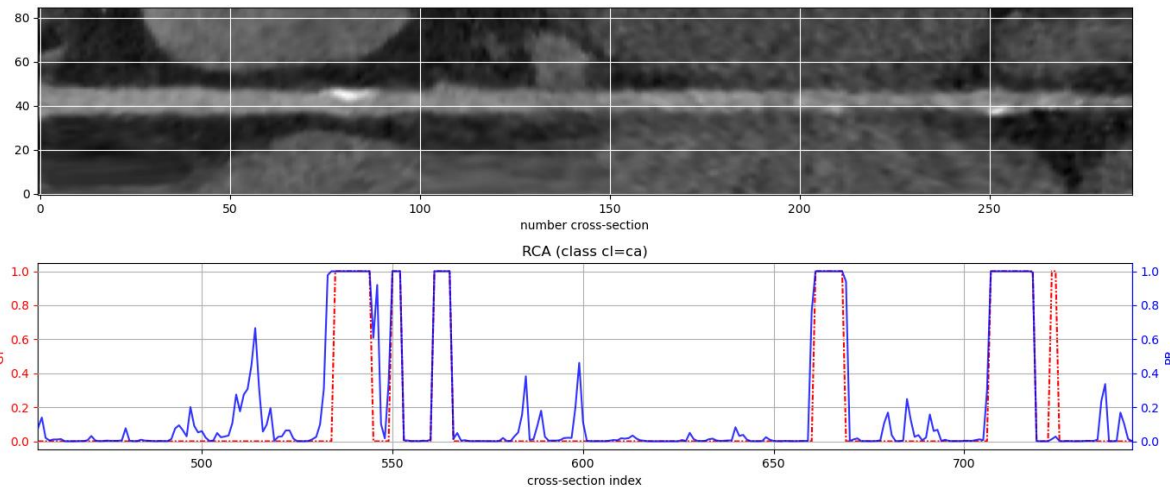
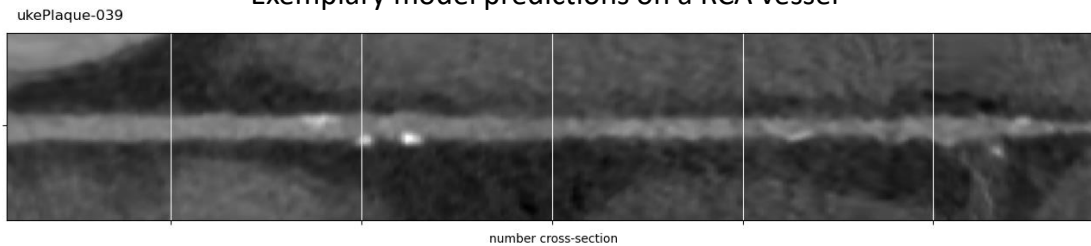
Learning framework



- We perform various **plaque detection** experiments (binary classification) on a per-cross section basis.



Exemplary model predictions on a RCA vessel



Thank you for your attention.



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